

her benefactors, but drove with her

the unfortunate into their home, the only means of saving her, perhaps. The only way to effect it was to take the father too, who refused to yield jurisdiction over his daughter. A day or two served to reveal him in such a state of drunkenness that her friends were able to legally deliver the mis-

he disappeared. Investigation proves him to be Dr. Edwin Robbins, who has been arrested without license in Birmingham. The first-mentioned lady has returned the pink-checked, innocent and innocent English girl a home and a mother to her Birmingham home, where her mother telegraphs she anxiously awaits her.

NOBLE

FUBBIE WORKS.

Street Paving and Grading Contractors Recommended.

The Board of the Water and Sewerage Commission and made the following recommendations, to be acted upon at the session of the City Council to be held today:

Recommended that the contract for grading and paving the streets of the city be awarded to the lowest bidder.

Recommended that the contract for the grading of West End avenue be awarded to M. C. Marsh at \$1.88 per lineal foot.

Recommended that the contract for grading Eleventh street be awarded to Alexander Dallas at \$1.95 per lineal foot.

Recommended that the contract for paving Fifth street be awarded to W. R. Porter at 26 cents per square foot for paving, and \$1.29 per lineal foot for granite curbing. The paving to be done with bituminous lime rock.

Recommended that the contract for laying sidewalks on Downey avenue be awarded to Messrs. Gray Bros., at 42 cents per

Recommended that the contract for paving the sidewalk on the line rock be awarded to W. R. Porter at 35 cents per square foot for paving and \$1.30 per lineal foot for granite curbing.

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Recommended that the petition of S. M. Perry and others to have the grade established on Michigan avenue from Soto to Chicago streets be received and filed, as amended.

Recommended that the petition of R. E. Gault to change the grade of Michigan avenue from Soto to Chicago streets be received and filed, as amended.

Recommended that the petition of Charles W. Twelfth, between Main and San Pedro streets, and under the Vrooman Act be granted, and that the City Attorney be instructed to execute the necessary papers.

The petition of Alexander Dallas, asking to have the Mayor compelled to sign a certificate of the City Council, was referred to the Council without recommendation, he board having no power to act in the matter.

Recommended that the petition of W. W. Dodd, filing a claim against the city of \$217.

Recommended that the petition of M. W. Holland and others, protesting against the placing of a sewer in the alley between the property, be referred to the City Attorney.

Recommended that the petition of J. F. Gaudin and others, asking for an Eminent street, between Los Angeles and Broadway, be referred to the City Attorney be instructed to draw the necessary resolution of intention.

Recommended that the petition of Harris Cobb and others, owners of a two-story brick building on First street, stating that they are unable to move said building back into the new alley, and the sidewalk will leave them and the new alley, be referred to the City Attorney, be instructed if said will leave them with but two feet of walk outside of their door, be received and filed, as no order to widen the sidewalk is now pending.

Recommended that the petition of George C. Johnson and others, asking for a crosswalk on Main street at the intersection of Morris and Cello streets be referred to the Superintendent of Streets.

Hon. George W. Knox appeared before the board and asked that a number of property-owners along the proposed new line of the Southern Pacific in the southeastern portion of the city, protested against the granting of the franchise asked for by a company across certain streets and alleys.

The board then adjourned.

**NEW BASELINE.**

**Prof Davidson and a Party at Work**  
**Down Here.**

The United States Coast and Geodetic Survey has a large party encamped near

line, which will be the foundation of the geodetic work in Southern California and a link with the geodetic triangulation of the country from the old baseline, the Yolo line, in the Sacramento Valley. This line selected is to be connected directly with the scheme of triangulation which extends from the coast line southward, and which has a breadth of nearly 40 miles eastward of the coast line, and spreads to the westward to embrace the entire coast range.

Hitherto, the secondary and tertiary triangulation in this section has depended upon the five-mile San Pedro baseline, which was measured by Davidson in 1852, and with subsidiary approximations. The present baseline is about 12½ miles long, and will be measured with the highest class apparatus, belonging to the Coast Survey. It will be the base upon which was founded the measurements on the Yolo baseline in 1880, when the two measurements differed

It is believed that this reservoir will be beaten, and that it will be the first of its kind in the world. Two compound bars are used, and they are placed alternately ahead of each other on a direct line between the two selected stations. The bars are grooved from rafter to rafter, and are held in place by being lashed to a wooden beam which is wrapped with thick moosehide felling. And, as the measurement proceeds, a movable canvas cover, 50 feet long and 6 feet wide, is drawn over the wheels over the apparatus and the observers.

It is believed that the site of the base line is more formidable for work and for construction than any other in the world. It is estimated that the party expects to be at least 90 days in camp at this season, and the personnel is as follows: Prof. Gray Davidson, Jr., Chief Geologist; James S. Hays, Jr., Assistant Geologist; J. C. Merriam, Jr., Assistant Geologist; Ferdinand Westale, Frank W. Edmonds and 17 men. Capt. Lawson originally located the baseline in 1886.

A large assembly of young men assembled yesterday afternoon at Opera-house Hall to hear Dr. J. Spencer Kennard, who spoke at the Young Men's Christian Association gospel meeting. His subject was "The Fulfillment of Prophecy." By his examples he showed how wonderfully the predictions of men of God had been literally fulfilled, in some cases after hundreds of years. The whole argument was based on the reality and truth of the word of God.

The speaker concluded by urging the acceptance of the Bible and of Christ the Saviour. Several of the young men were saved. So great was the interest that young men crowded into the doors and even the windows.

Dr. Kennard will speak again next Sunday at the same place, and will also conduct services during the week at the First Baptist Church each afternoon and



## DISEASED MEAT.

## PRECAUTIONS TAKEN BY THE JEWIS TO AVOID IT.

Blood of Slaughtered Animals Tested to Show Their Condition—Danger of Disease Being Communicated—A General Inspection of Meats Required.

The Jews are very careful about their food, and it is probably the main reason why they are so much healthier than almost any other race of people.

For hundreds of years they have been taught that the body, eye, and mind, too, can be defiled by what goes into the stomach, and all thinking people are beginning to look upon them as a race with high ideals.

Ever since the glandered-horse-and-hog situation was sprung in THE TIMES there has been more or less talk about diseased meat, and the State Board of Health has taken the matter up, and produces evidence showing conclusively that beefs are more or less diseased at the present time.

The Hebrews of this city have watched these reports very closely, and it has been rumored on the streets for several days past that they have instituted a special precaution and do not eat any fresh meat until it has been thoroughly tested.

A local newspaper circulator, who spends a great deal of his time among the people, and hears more gossip than almost anybody else, made the following statement to a TIMES representative yesterday:

"One of the head men of the Jews from eating diseased meat."

"This prominent gentleman has the entire confidence not only of his people, but also the whole-sale and retail trade. He is not a doctor of medicine, he is highly educated, for he can tell in a few minutes after he gets hold of the blood of an animal whether it is diseased or not, and no one as yet has found who dare contradict him. When he once sets his seal on a beef and pronounces it diseased, you could not pay a Jew enough money to eat a mouthful of that meat."

"How does he examine this meat?" asked the reporter.

"He visits the slaughter-pens where the animals are prepared for the market, and when a beef is killed in the pen, he takes his knife and cuts a little of its blood."

"He then analyzes the blood, and if he finds that it is not diseased, he puts his mark on the carcass in such a way that his people will recognize it, and when they go into a butcher's shop they can tell in a second what kind of meat they are buying."

"There is only one slaughter-pen that is being visited by this expert, and it is located between here and Pasadena, but I guess they are all visited in the same way by somebody."

"This expert goes out about three times a week, or whenever meat is killed, and his people know that they are safe."

"Well, what becomes of the diseased meat?"

"That's a hard question to answer. Some of the honest butchers destroy the diseased meat, and others sell it to people who know nothing about it."

"If the dishonest butchers are selling this diseased meat to unsuspecting people they should be looked up by the Health Officer and prosecuted. I understand that there is but little diseased meat in this city, but if it is sold it might bring on a frightful epidemic, and the sooner the matter is looked into the better."

"If other people could take the same precautions as those adopted by the Jews there would be no danger."

"Late in the afternoon the reporter succeeded in finding Rabbi Schreiber, and asked him if there is any truth in the matter as reported."

"The doctor hesitated at first, and wanted to know where the reporter got his information."

"No," said he, "I am not a physician, and would not know whether the system of diseased meat, or not. I have not visited a slaughter-pen for that purpose, but I think it should be done."

"There is always danger from diseased meat, and the authorities should be compelled to watch butchers and see that they do not sell the people that which is dangerous."

"No," I don't know that my people have taken any steps of that nature, but you may rest assured that they will not eat diseased meat."

Several butchers were seen, but they professed ignorance of the whole matter, and stated that they sold the meat very carefully to every customer, whether they be Jew or Gentile, diseased meat."

The Health Officer would be found, so it is not known whether he has had an inkling of the matter or not.

A prominent physician was seen and questioned as to whether or not disease can be carried from infected animals to the human system through the stomach.

"Yes, most certainly it can," said he, "if diseased meat is taken into the system, complications of all kinds are liable to follow, and levers of a contagious nature are almost sure to be the outcome."

"Is it possible for a physician to tell by examining the blood of an animal whether disease exists or not?"

"Yes, certainly it is. If the animal is diseased the blood will show it. In some countries the authorities will not permit butchers to sell meat until after it has been passed on, and we would be governed by the same sanitary precautions in this city."

## AN OLD FILE.

## Tanks at the Cold Storage Works Explode.

Last evening at 6 o'clock one of the oil tanks in the rear of the Cold Storage Company's works, on Santa Fe avenue, near Eighth street, exploded, and in a few minutes flames were shooting up into the air over 150 feet. Fortunately there were no buildings immediately adjoining the tank, and the fire did not spread, except to another tank near by. The tanks of both tanks blew off, and the burning oil did not spread.

The fire department turned out, but did not throw any water on the fire, for the reason that they were afraid that the tanks would explode again, and that no damage could be done.

The damage and loss will probably amount to \$500, fully insured.

## OUR NEIGHBORS.

## Long Beach.

LONG BEACH, Oct. 28.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] There was a meeting held at this place last week to take steps to see if it was feasible to what to do with water so as to bring rail and deep-draft steamers to the beach, and there was a committee appointed to take soundings and report in two weeks, and it was found that at 500 yards there was 36 feet of water, and that being of sufficient depth to allow the largest vessels to anchor, and as the plan is practical, we look for tangible steps soon to be taken toward building a first-class wharf, and already two capitalists have offered to defray one-half the expenses. Now the city will doubtless issue bonds to defray the balance of the expense, and then we expect a lively time, and we are about sure of two more railroads in the near future, the road from the Napa Valley, and that about graded will soon be completed to this place.

A road from Santa Ana will soon be commenced and pushed to a speedy completion to this place, as the most of the stock is already taken, and after the election of Harrison and Morton, we confidently look for a building boom, and it all claimed prohibition towns do as well as we will in this the boasted prohibition town their election will be a grand success, for after careful canvass we find that there will be 50 votes cast for the Republican ticket and 40 for Democracy, and free trade, and 24 cranks are going to vote prohibition; so you see we outnumber both of our opponents.

As lumber has taken a tumble, there will soon be some cheap buildings erected in and around Long Beach. Messrs. Younger have just completed for Spencer, two miles north of Long Beach, a splendid two-story

house, and Mr. Arment of Los Angeles has just finished his best job in painting in a most artistic style; and now Mr. Butler is going to give the same men a job to erect for him a grand mansion, and it is expected that Mr. Stovel will follow suit and erect a number of equally as good houses on his nice 40 acres in that the most lovely spot in the county.

Farmers are already seeding their ground for the next year's crop, and here on this rich alluvial soil crops never fail, and in and around this place lay and grain is both abundant and cheap, and we sing with the poet:

"We've reached the land of corn and wine, And all its riches are surely mine ours!"

A. J. S.

## University Place.

UNIVERSITY CITY, Oct. 27.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] The better class of citizens of this place are anxiously waiting the result of the action of the Board of Supervisors at their regular meeting on the 5th of November, as to the incorporation of what is known as University City. It is to be hoped that Board of Supervisors will call an election at once and submit the matter to the people, that they may have a chance to say by their vote whether or not they will incorporate and protect their homes or whether we shall not incorporate and be overrun by disreputable places. It is reported that a counter-petition is in circulation, and it has received favor from a county supervisor who is a candidate for reelection.

The seventh session of the Los Angeles District Conference of the Methodist-Episcopal Church met in University Church last Tuesday evening.

Dr. Cox of Adams Church, East Los Angeles, preached the opening sermon. At 8:30 a.m. on Wednesday devotional services were held and an organization effected. On Wednesday evening Prof. James delivered an address on "Education" and "Home Missions."

The conference adjourned Thursday noon, to meet next Spring at Long Beach.

The university school met last Monday under favorable circumstances. The attendance was about 140.

The TIMES contributes a valuable piece of campaign literature with the publication of the Sackville-West letter. It Cleveland ever had a chance of reelection it leaves him now without the least shadow of a chance.

Mural for Harrison, Morton and Protection! G. A. S.

## South Pasadena News.

SOUTH PASADENA, Oct. 27.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] The City Council met last Monday, Mr. Hammond in the chair. Bills to the amount of \$175 were audited and ordered paid. An ordinance amending ordinance No. 10 was passed.

The amendment provided for changing the time of meeting of the board to 7 o'clock a.m. On motion the sprinkling of the streets was discontinued.

Rev. Mr. Fleming's residence on Sylvan avenue is nearing completion. The hotel is rapidly filling up with guests.

There will be a Democratic at the opera-house Saturday evening.

The Literary Society will meet on Monday evening at the hotel.

The Good Templars meet Tuesday night. A fine program will be rendered.

The Republicans of South Pasadena will meet at F. P. Kelly's office next Thursday evening.

A grand concert will be given on Friday evening, for which an excellent program has been arranged. Tickets are on sale at the drug store.

The Republican rally at the opera-house last Monday was enthusiastic. The speakers were James MacLachlan and Alex McLean of Pasadena, and J. E. Lindsay of South Pasadena.

## CLARA FOLTZ ON THE STUMP.

She Calls the Republicans Fools and Knaves and Talks Wild.

REDLANDS, Oct. 25.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] The Democrats had a meeting here last night, at which Mrs. Clara Foltz, erstwhile Republican campaign "orator," was the center of attraction. The announcement that this lady was to speak brought a crowded house, which was still further packed by the arrival of a train-load of the terrified from San Bernardino.

Mrs. Foltz devoted the larger share of the evening to depicting the great suffering caused by the enormous taxes on salt, sugar, etc., and enlarged upon the Democratic platform.

In fact, the speaker forgot a good many things. She forgot that she was not speaking to a backwoods audience who do not read the papers and keep well informed, and she repeated the stale old lie that Benjamin Harrison had said \$3 a day and two meals were enough for him and his laboring man.

She enlarged upon this at great length. She also repeated the exploded charge that Harrison had said he would drive the Indianapolis strikers back to their work at the point of the bayonet, or shoot them down.

Likewise she claimed that Harrison was a Chinese lover, and wanted to make "us" live on rats! The very ingenious speaker paid her attention to trusts and monopolies, and saddled the seemingly obvious of the fact that Standard Oil, Payne and Whitney are leading lights of the Democratic Administration.

Clara is certainly a good speaker—no one will deny that. But the next time she makes a speech in a "little country town" she should remember that the people whom she addresses—in a place like this, at all events—are intelligent and well-read, and she should not insult their common sense by retelling a lot of exploded campaign lies. And she should remember that she can catch more flies with molasses than with vinegar, and that it is not a good preface to an attempt at converting Republicans to call them liars or fools.

Article.

All the furniture at the St. Charles Hotel will be sold to the highest bidder on Monday, October 30th at 11 and 12 N. Main street. Sale commences promptly at 10 a.m. Don't fail to attend, as sale will be peremptory. Ben O. Rhoades, auctioneer.

Notice.

The above place is still in the lead. The 3000 people who dine there every day all go away satisfied—Our coffee is the best on the coast. Open day and night.

## LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

## The Deadly Scabbing.

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 27.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] Recognizing the great interest manifested by orange-growers throughout Southern California generally in the great inroads made on groves of the golden fruit in this county by that seemingly unconquerable pest known as the white cottony cushion scale, I would ask space in the journal of most general circulation in this county for the expression of some ideas extended experience have indicated in my mind regarding this destructive member of the insect family.

I have noted recently several contributions to the press from alleged experts on the white cottony-cushion scale question. My experience has taught me that the views given in these contributions, as erroneous as they are, are not the views of the orange-growers in Los Angeles county to the remarks made by the Hon. L. J. Rose on the white cottony cushion scale at the recent meeting of the State Agricultural Society.

Regarding the migratory disposition of this pest, Mr. Rose held that the scale would, after depositing itself on the tree, migrate downward or toward the earth. Senator Rose is mistaken. I have noted often that the upward or tree-top migration of the scale occurs during the forenoon, the downward migration occurring toward nightfall. While not presuming that all scales so migrate, I assert that invariably the male bug does. He goes directly to earth and into the ground.

Again, Mr. Kerchival, a leading grower, holds that the scabbing nuisance is fast becoming a thing of the past, and asserts as a reason for this declaration, that he has noted the ground underneath his trees covered with scale, dead.

Mr. Kerchival underestimates this matter. It is a fact that the white cottony cushion scale bids to soon wipe out entirely some of the most famous of Los Angeles county's orange groves. Mr. Kerchival's reason for believing as he does may be easily dispelled. It is a well-known fact that the "white" bug is gradually eating up by his young the latter leave the shell. The white portion left by the offspring is nothing more than a cover of protection to them, and it drops to the ground when vacated by the young.

I hold the white cottony cushion scale can be totally eradicated from our orchards, if the proper authorities exercise common sense and discretion in the execution of the work. The idea promulgated that the police department can do this, to my mind, is a ridiculous, perfectly untenable one. Men of experience, men who have studied carefully this question, should be employed. There are plenty of such men in this county—and allow me to say, in California—and they would gladly take the attention from our beautiful groves of oranges the diminutive, but frightfully active, destroyer now slowly, but steadily, ruining them. The city government and county officials should at once give their attention to this matter, and they should consider as to the best means for staying the evil.

Was it intentional?

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 27.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] I perceive that the Board of Supervisors has designated the following named gentlemen as judges and inspectors of election in the tenth precinct of the Fifth Ward of this city, all of whom are believed to be Democrats: William Butler, inspector, Democrat, who has resided in the city and precinct about eighteen months; D. C. Wilson, judge, who is known Democrat and resident for several years; William Underwood, judge, said to be a Democrat, but who must be a very new resident, as he appears to be unknown to the old settlers.

There may be nothing wrong in this arrangement, but the attention of the Republican County Committee is respectfully called to the same.

AN OLD RESIDENT.

The "V. & C." Brand of Butter.

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 27.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] We have read your article on "bogus butter." If such an imposition is practiced, as your article indicates, your efforts to expose it are certainly commendable.

The "V. & C." brand of butter, manufactured by us, and distributed by our agents, Messrs. Curtis, Patterson & Co., is one of the most widely and favorably known in the Los Angeles market.

We urgently request that our butter be submitted to the most searching analysis, and we stand ready to forfeit \$500 if it does not prove to be absolutely pure, made from cream and entirely free from all adulteration.

VICKERS & CRAWFORD.

An Outrage.

PRO HIGHTS, Oct. 26.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] Another outrage has been perpetrated on the voters of this precinct by the unwashed Democrats, by making the voting place in a saloon, or, as they put it, the Electric Gardens, which is nothing more or less than a bare saloon, after Mr. Venable, one of the present Supervisors, told a committee of three, of whom I was one, that the voting place would be in Mr. Schnass's store, which is a saloon, and that if Mr. Venable has no more regard for his word than he has shown in this case he is not a fit man to represent us in our national or state legislature.

There is one man that, in the language of another, if he can get all the liquor he wants, by 12 o'clock he could not find a halibut to use.

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## FARMERS' AND MERCHANTS' BANK.

OF LOS ANGELES, CALIF.

ISAIAH W. HOLLAND, President.

L. C. GOODWIN, Vice-President.

Capital, \$100,000.

Surplus and Undivided Profits, 700,000.

Total, \$1,700,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS—O. W. Childs, Chairman; H. B. Thomas, Joseph Macoscar, John S. Griffin, J. H. Lankershim, C. Ducommun, Phillip Gar-

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To great to our candor and knowledge of the superiority of the REMINGTON SEWING MACHINE that we further agree with every purchaser to **REFUND THE MONEY** in case full satisfaction is not given by the machine in every particular after a month's trial.

Tailors, dressmakers, seamstresses, manufacturers of clothing, shirts, skirts, corsets, umbrellas, etc., will find one of its best recommendations is its special adaptation to their wants and range of work.

## The Automatic Tension,

When once properly regulated, will rarely need to be changed, and as a general rule, the whole range of family sewing can be done without any chance of tension whatever. This result is obtained by nicely adjusted springs, that will accommodate themselves to the size of thread used.

## OUR CLAIMS FOR SUPERIORITY

ARE AS FOLLOWS:

**A Device** Whereby the bobbin can be wound without running the machine over the unnecessary wear of the machine and the trouble of unthreading and removing it, and attachments while the bobbin is being filled.

**A Scale for Regulating** The angle of stitch, which enables the operator to perform perfectly and readily ascertain the length of stitch without testing previous to commencing work.

**A Spring-Tension Cylinder Shuttle.** Holding a bobbin that carries a large amount of thread. There is but one hole to thread through, making it the most easily threaded shuttle in use. The tension may be changed without removing the shuttle from the machine.

**The Double Feed** Extends on both sides of the needle and permits a greater variety of work than any other. It has great power and never fails to pierce any cloth—it will feed the heaviest and heaviest goods with equal precision, and will cross seams and hard places without changing length of stitch or missing stitches.

**Light Running.** On account of the simple mechanical devices employed in its construction, runs lighter and with greater speed than any other machine, and is almost noiseless. It is the simplest, EASIEST OPERATED, best made and most elegantly ornamented machine in the world, combining every requisite to produce perfect work.

Inviting a practical test of this machine, we distinctly claim for it a great superiority in plan, material, workmanship, and in its performance. It is unquestionably the most popular of all now in the market.

## —THE GUTFIT.

Each machine is supplied with the following outfit: One Hemmer and Feller, One piece Twelve Needles, Six Bobbins, One Wrench, One Quilting Gauge, One Screwdriver, Oil Can filled with Oil, One Case for the Machine, and one Book of Instructions. The following extra attachments are also furnished free: Butler, Tucker, Binder, Set of Wide Hemmers and Shirting Gauge.

The Book of Instructions is profusely illustrated, and answers the purpose of a competent teacher.

Our machines are shipped as fast freight, unless otherwise ordered; we paying freightage to Los Angeles, and purchaser paying from Los Angeles to his home.

Sewing machine no agents sell this machine for \$15 and \$20. So do buy one from us, with a year's subscription to the WEEKLY MIRROR is addition. Subscribe with your local agent, or address

## THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY,

Times Building, Los Angeles, Cal.



